

Material Safety Data Sheet

Formalin Neutral Buffered 10% in Phosphate

Electron Microscopy Sciences Catalog # 15740

Chemical Product and Company Identification

MSDS Name: Formalin Neutral Buffered 10% in Phosphate

Catalog Numbers: 15740

Synonyms: None

Company Identification:

Electron Microscopy Sciences

321 Morris Road

Fort Washington, PA 19034

For CHEMTREC assistance, call: 800-424-9300

For International CHEMTREC assistance, call: 703-527-3887

Composition, Information on Ingredients

CAS #	Chemical Name	Percent	EINECS / ELINCS
50-00-0	Formaldehyde	4.0	200-001-8
67-56-1	Methyl alcohol	1.0-2.0	200-659-6
7558-79-4	Sodium phosphate dibasic	0.65	231-448-7
7732-18-5	Water	91.9-92.	231-791-2
10049-21-5	Sodium phosphate, Monobasic, Monohydrate	0.4	unlisted

Hazards Identification

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Appearance: clear. **Danger!** May cause allergic skin reaction. This substance has caused adverse reproductive and fetal effects in animals. May cause central nervous system depression. Causes eye and skin irritation. Causes digestive and respiratory tract irritation. Contains formaldehyde. Respiratory sensitizer. Potential cancer hazard.

Target Organs: Central nervous system.

Potential Health Effects

Eye: Causes eye irritation. Contact may cause ulceration of the conjunctiva and cornea.

Skin: Causes skin irritation. May cause skin sensitization, an allergic reaction, which becomes evident upon re-exposure to this material.

Ingestion: Causes gastrointestinal irritation with nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. May cause central nervous system depression, characterized by excitement, followed by headache, dizziness, drowsiness, and nausea. Advanced stages may cause collapse, unconsciousness, coma and possible death due to respiratory failure. May cause systemic toxicity including central nervous system depression, convulsions, coma, and possible death due to respiratory failure.

Inhalation: May cause asthmatic attacks due to allergic sensitization of the respiratory tract.

Chronic: Formaldehyde has been associated with nasal and nasopharyngeal cancers. Repeated exposure may cause skin discoloration and thickening and nail decay.

First Aid Measures

Eyes: Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical aid immediately. Do NOT allow victim to rub or keep eyes closed.

Skin: Immediately flush skin with plenty of soap and water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical aid if irritation develops or persists. Wash clothing before reuse. Destroy contaminated shoes.

Ingestion: Do NOT induce vomiting. If victim is conscious and alert, give 2-4 cupfuls of milk or water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical aid immediately.

Inhalation: Get medical aid immediately. Remove from exposure to fresh air immediately. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. DO NOT use mouth-to-mouth respiration. If breathing has ceased apply artificial respiration using oxygen and a suitable mechanical device such as a bag and a mask.

Notes to Physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

Firefighting Measures

General Information: As in any fire, wear a self-contained breathing apparatus in pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent), and full protective gear. During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Vapors may be heavier than air. They can spread along the ground and collect in low or confined areas. Containers may explode when heated.

Extinguishing Media: For small fires, use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, water spray or alcohol-resistant foam. For large fires, use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, alcohol-resistant foam, or water spray. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.

Accidental Release Measures

General Information: Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8.

Spills/Leaks: Remove all sources of ignition. Absorb spill using an absorbent, non-combustible

material such as earth, sand, or vermiculite. Provide ventilation. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Water spray may reduce vapor but may not prevent ignition in closed spaces.

Handling and Storage

Handling: Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only in a well-ventilated area. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep container tightly closed. Avoid contact with heat, sparks and flame. Do not ingest or inhale. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose empty containers to heat, sparks or open flames.

Storage: Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame. Keep away from sources of ignition. Store in a tightly closed container. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances.

Exposure Controls, Personal Protection

Engineering Controls: Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower. Use adequate general or local exhaust ventilation to keep airborne concentrations below the permissible exposure limits.

Exposure Limits

Chemical Name	ACGIH	NIOSH	OSHA - Final PELs
Formaldehyde	C 0.3 ppm	0.016 ppm TWA; NIOSH Potential Occupational Carcinogen - see Appendix A Potential NIOSH carcinogen.	0.75 ppm TWA PEL; 2 ppm STEL; 0.5 ppm TWA action leve
Methyl alcohol	200 ppm; 250 ppm STEL; skin - potential for cutaneous absorption	200 ppm TWA; 260 mg/m3 TWA 6000 ppm IDLH	200 ppm TWA; 260 mg/m3 TWA
Sodium phosphate dibasic	none listed	none listed	none listed
Water	none listed	none listed	none listed
Sodium phosphate, Monobasic, Monohydrate	none listed	none listed	none listed

OSHA Vacated PELs: Formaldehyde: 3 ppm TWA (unless specified in 1910.1048) Methyl alcohol: 200 ppm TWA; 260 mg/m3 TWA Sodium phosphate dibasic: No OSHA Vacated PELs are listed for this chemical. Water: No OSHA Vacated PELs are listed for this chemical. Sodium phosphate, Monobasic, Monohydrate: No OSHA Vacated PELs are listed for this chemical.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eyes: Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard EN166.

Skin: Wear appropriate protective gloves to prevent skin exposure.

Clothing: Wear appropriate protective clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Respirators: Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Always use a NIOSH or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator when necessary.

Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Liquid

Appearance: clear

Odor: strong odor - pungent odor

pH: 6.9-7.1

Vapor Pressure: Not available.

Vapor Density: 1.0

Evaporation Rate: > 1.0

Viscosity: Not available.

Boiling Point: 201-212 deg F

Freezing/Melting Point: 32 deg F

Decomposition Temperature: Not available.

Autoignition Temperature: Not applicable.

Flash Point: Not applicable.

NFPA Rating: Not published.

Explosion Limits, Lower: 7.0%

Upper: Not available.

Solubility: Soluble in water.

Specific Gravity/Density: 1.10

Molecular Formula: Mixture

Molecular Weight: Not available.

Stability and Reactivity

Chemical Stability: Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

Conditions to Avoid: Ignition sources, oxidizers.

Incompatibilities with Other Materials: This solution will polymerize and separate below 0°C and above 67°C. Formaldehyde reacts with hydrochloric acid to form a potent carcinogen, bis-chloromethyl ether. It reacts explosively with nitrogen dioxide, nitromethane, perchloric acid, aniline or peroxyformic acid. Formaldehyde reacts violently when mixed with strong oxidizers.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon monoxide, irritating and toxic gases, carbon dioxide, formaldehyde.

Hazardous Polymerization: Has not been reported.

Toxicological Information

RTECS# :

CAS# 50-00-0: LP8925000

CAS# 67-56-1: PC1400000

CAS# 7558-79-4: WC4500000

CAS# 7732-18-5: ZC0110000

CAS# 10049-21-5 unlisted.

LD50/LC50:

CAS# 50-00-0:

Inhalation, mouse: LC50 = 400 mg/m³/2H;

Inhalation, rat: LC50 = 203 mg/m³;

Oral, mouse: LD50 = 42 mg/kg;

Oral, rat: LD50 = 100 mg/kg;

Skin, rabbit: LD50 = 270 mg/kg; < BR.

CAS# 67-56-1:

Inhalation, rat: LC50 = 64000 ppm/4H;

Oral, mouse: LD50 = 7300 mg/kg;

Oral, rabbit: LD50 = 14200 mg/kg;

Oral, rat: LD50 = 5628 mg/kg;

Skin, rabbit: LD50 = 15800 mg/kg; < BR.

CAS# 7558-79-4:

Oral, rat: LD50 = 17 gm/kg; < BR.

CAS# 7732-18-5:

Oral, rat: LD50 = > 90 mL/kg; < BR.

CAS# 10049-21-5: < BR.

Carcinogenicity:

CAS# 50-00-0:

ACGIH: A2 - suspected human carcinogen

California: carcinogen; initial date 1/1/88

NIOSH: occupational carcinogen

NTP: Suspect carcinogen

OSHA: Possible Select carcinogen

IARC: Group 2A carcinogen CAS# 67-56-1: Not listed by ACGIH, IARC, NIOSH, NTP, or OSHA. CAS# 7558-79-4: Not listed by ACGIH, IARC, NIOSH, NTP, or OSHA. CAS# 7732-18-5: Not listed by ACGIH, IARC, NIOSH, NTP, or OSHA. CAS# 10049-21-5: Not listed by ACGIH, IARC, NIOSH, NTP, or OSHA.

Epidemiology: Formaldehyde has been shown to increase the incidence of lung cancer in workers. In another study, there was increase in mortality from lung cancer when workers were exposed to conc. over 2 ppm of formaldehyde.

Teratogenicity: Formaldehyde effects on Newborn: behavioral, ihl-rat TCLo= 50 ug/m³/4H; biochemical/metabolic and reduced weight gain, ihl-rat TCLo= 12 ug/m³/24H. Embryo or Fetus: cytological changes, ihl-rat TCLo= 1mg/m³/24H; stunted fetus and death, ipr-mouse TDLo= 240 mg/kg. Specific Developmental Abnormalities: craniofacial and musculoskeletal, ipr-mouse TDLo= 240 mg/kg.

Reproductive Effects: Formaldehyde effects on Fertility: male index, itt-rat TDLo= 400 mg/kg; post-implantation mortality, ims-mouse TDLo= 259 mg/kg. Paternal Effects: spermatogenesis, orl-rat TDLo= 200 mg/kg; testes/sperm duct/epididymis, ipr-rat TDLo= 80 mg/kg.

Neurotoxicity: No information available.

Mutagenicity: Formaldehyde DNA Damage: human fibroblast 100 umol/L DNA Inhibition: human cell types 210 umol/L; Unsheduled DNA Synthesis: rat cell types 50 umol/L; Gene Mutation in Mammalian Cells: human lymphocyte 130 umol/L.

Other Studies: See actual entry in RTECS for complete information.

Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: Atlantic salmon LC50= 173 uL/L/96H; Catfish (fresh water)TLm= 32 ppm/24H; Flounder (salt water) TLm= 100-330 ppm/48H; Fathead minnowLC50= 10-100 uL/L/96H; Rainbow trout LC50= 168mg/L/48H; Zebrafish LC50= 41mg/L/96H; Water flea LC50= 52 mg/L/24H. LC50(96Hr.) rainbow trout = 0.12 mL/L; flowthrough bioassay; LC50(96Hr.) fathead minnow = 24.1 mg/L; flowthrough conditions; LC50 (96Hr.) bluegill = 0.10 mg/L; Flow-through conditions; EC50 (96Hr.) water flea = 20 mg/L; EC50 (30 min)photobacterium phospherum = 3.00-10.2 mg/L; Microtox.

Environmental Fate: No information found.

Physical/ Chemical: No information found.

Other: Not available.

Disposal Considerations

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. US EPA guidelines for the classification determination are listed in 40 CFR Parts 261.3. Additionally, waste generators must consult state and local hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

RCRA P-Series: None listed.

RCRA U-Series: CAS# 50-00-0: waste number U122. CAS# 67-56-1: waste number U154; (Ignitable waste).

Transport Information

	US DOT	IATA	RID/ADR	IMO	Canada TDG
Shipping Name:	AVIATION REGULATED LIQUID, N.O.S. (10% FORMALIN)				FORMALDEHYDE SOLUTIONS
Hazard Class:	9				3(8)(9.2)

UN Number:	UN3334				UN1198
Packing Group:					III

Regulatory Information

US FEDERAL

TSCA

CAS# 50-00-0 is listed on the TSCA inventory.

CAS# 67-56-1 is listed on the TSCA inventory.

CAS# 7558-79-4 is listed on the TSCA inventory.

CAS# 7732-18-5 is listed on the TSCA inventory.

CAS# 10049-21-5 is not on the TSCA Inventory. It is a hydrate and exempt from TSCA Inventory requirements (40CFR720.3(u)(2)).

Health & Safety Reporting List

None of the chemicals are on the Health & Safety Reporting List.

Chemical Test Rules

None of the chemicals in this product are under a Chemical Test Rule.

Section 12b

None of the chemicals are listed under TSCA Section 12b.

TSCA Significant New Use Rule

None of the chemicals in this material have a SNUR under TSCA.

SARA

Section 302 (RQ)

CAS# 50-00-0: final RQ = 100 pounds (45.4 kg) CAS# 67-56-1: final RQ = 5000 pounds (2270 kg)

CAS# 7558-79-4: final RQ = 5000 pounds (2270 kg)

Section 302 (TPQ)

CAS# 50-00-0: TPQ = 500 pounds; RQ = 100 pounds (does not meet toxicity criteria but because of high production volume and recognized toxicity is considered a chemical of concern)

SARA Codes

CAS # 50-00-0: acute, chronic. CAS # 67-56-1: acute, flammable.

Section 313

This material contains Formaldehyde (CAS# 50-00-0, 4.0%), which is subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of SARA Title III and 40 CFR Part 373. This material contains Methyl alcohol (CAS# 67-56-1, 10.2%), which is subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of SARA Title III and 40 CFR Part 373.

Clean Air Act:

CAS# 50-00-0 is listed as a hazardous air pollutant (HAP). CAS# 67-56-1 is listed as a hazardous air pollutant (HAP). This material does not contain any Class 1 Ozone depleters. This material does not contain any Class 2 Ozone depleters.

Clean Water Act:

CAS# 50-00-0 is listed as a Hazardous Substance under the CWA. CAS# 7558-79-4 is listed as a Hazardous Substance under the CWA. None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Priority Pollutants under the CWA. None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Toxic Pollutants under the CWA.

OSHA:

CAS# 50-00-0 is considered highly hazardous by OSHA.

STATE

CAS# 50-00-0 can be found on the following state right to know lists: California, New Jersey, Florida, Pennsylvania, Minnesota, Massachusetts.

CAS# 67-56-1 can be found on the following state right to know lists: California, New Jersey, Florida, Pennsylvania, Minnesota, Massachusetts.

CAS# 7558-79-4 can be found on the following state right to know lists: California, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts.

CAS# 7732-18-5 is not present on state lists from CA, PA, MN, MA, FL, or NJ.

CAS# 10049-21-5 is not present on state lists from CA, PA, MN, MA, FL, or NJ.

The following statement(s) is(are) made in order to comply with the California Safe Drinking Water Act: WARNING: This product contains Formaldehyde, a chemical known to the state of California to cause cancer. California No Significant Risk Level: CAS# 50-00-0: no significant risk level = 40 ug/day **European/International Regulations**

European Labeling in Accordance with EC Directives

Hazard Symbols:

Not available.

Risk Phrases:**Safety Phrases:****WGK (Water Danger/Protection)**

CAS# 50-00-0: 2

CAS# 67-56-1: 1

CAS# 7558-79-4: 1

CAS# 7732-18-5: No information available.

CAS# 10049-21-5: 1

Canada

CAS# 50-00-0 is listed on Canada's DSL/NDSL List.

CAS# 67-56-1 is listed on Canada's DSL/NDSL List.

CAS# 7558-79-4 is listed on Canada's DSL/NDSL List.

CAS# 7732-18-5 is listed on Canada's DSL/NDSL List.

This product has a WHMIS classification of D1B, D2A.

CAS# 50-00-0 is not listed on Canada's Ingredient Disclosure List.

CAS# 67-56-1 is not listed on Canada's Ingredient Disclosure List.

CAS# 7558-79-4 is not listed on Canada's Ingredient Disclosure List.

CAS# 7732-18-5 is not listed on Canada's Ingredient Disclosure List.

CAS# 10049-21-5 is not listed on Canada's Ingredient Disclosure List.

Exposure Limits

CAS# 50-00-0: OEL-ARAB Republic of Egypt:TWA 2 ppm (3 mg/m³) OEL-AUSTRALIA:TWA 1 ppm (1.5 mg/m³);STEL 2 ppm (3 mg/m³);CAR OEL-BELGIUM:TWA 1 ppm (1.2 mg/m³);STEL 2 ppm (2.5 mg/m³);CAR OEL-CZECHOSLOVAKIA:TWA 0.5 mg/m³;STEL 1 mg/m³ OEL-DENMARK:STEL 0.3 ppm (0.4 mg/m³);Carcinogen OEL-FINLAND:STEL 1 ppm (1.3 mg/m³);Skin OEL-FRANCE:STEL 2 ppm (3 mg/m³) OEL-GERMANY:TWA 0.5 ppm (0.6 mg/m³);Carcinogen OEL-HUNGARY:STEL 0.6 mg/m³;Carcinogen OEL-JAPAN:TWA 0.5 ppm (0.61 mg/m³);Carcinogen OEL-THE NETHERLANDS:TWA 1 ppm (1.5 mg/m³);STEL 2 ppm (3 mg/m³) OEL-THE PHILIPPINES:TWA 5 ppm (6 mg/m³) OEL-POLAND:TWA 2 mg/m³ OEL-RUSSIA:TWA 0.5 ppm;STEL 0.5 mg/m³;Skin OEL-SWEDEN:TWA 0.5 ppm (0.6 mg/m³);

STEL 1 ppm (1.2 mg/m³) OEL-SWITZERLAND:TWA 0.5 ppm (0.6 mg/m³);STEL 1 ppm (1.2 mg/m³) OEL-THAILAND:TWA 3 ppm;STEL 5 ppm OEL-TURKEY:TWA 5 ppm (6 mg/m³) OEL-UNITED KINGDOM:TWA 2 ppm (2.5 mg/m³);STEL 2 ppm (2.5 mg/m³) OEL IN BULGARIA, COLOMBIA, JORDAN, KOREA check ACGIH TLV OEL IN NEW ZEALAND, SINGAPORE, VIETNAM check ACGI TLV
CAS# 67-56-1: OEL-ARAB Republic of Egypt:TWA 200 ppm (260 mg/m³);Skin OEL-AUSTRALIA:TWA 200 ppm (260 mg/m³);STEL 250 ppm;Skin OEL-BELGIUM:TWA 200 ppm (260 mg/m³);STEL 250 ppm;Skin OEL-CZECHOSLOVAKIA:TWA 100 mg/m³;STEL 500 mg/m³ OEL-DENMARK:TWA 200 ppm (260 mg/m³);Skin OEL-FINLAND:TWA 200 ppm (260 mg/m³);STEL 250 ppm;Skin OEL-FRANCE:TWA 200 ppm (260 mg/m³);STEL 1000 ppm (1300 mg/m³) OEL-GERMANY:TWA 200 ppm (260 mg/m³);Skin OEL-HUNGARY:TWA 50 mg/m³;STEL 100 mg/m³;Skin OEL-JAPAN:TWA 200 ppm (260 mg/m³);Skin OEL-THE NETHERLANDS:TWA 200 ppm (260 mg/m³);Skin OEL-THE PHILIPPINES:TWA 200 ppm (260 mg/m³) OEL-POLAND:TWA 100 mg/m³ OEL-RUSSIA:TWA 200 ppm;STEL 5 mg/m³;Skin OEL-SWEDEN:TWA 200 ppm (250 mg/m³);STEL 250 ppm (350 mg/m³);Skin OEL-SWITZERLAND:TWA 200 ppm (260 mg/m³);STEL 400 ppm;Skin OEL-THAILAND:TWA 200 ppm (260 mg/m³) OEL-TURKEY:TWA 200 ppm (260 mg/m³) OEL-UNITED KINGDOM:TWA 200 ppm (260 mg/m³);STEL 250 ppm;Skin OEL IN BULGARIA, COLOMBIA, JORDAN, KOREA check ACGIH TLV OEL IN NEW ZEALAND, SINGAPORE, VIETNAM check ACGI TLV